

Notice of Certain Deadline Extensions and Summary of Material Modifications

Prepared for Ancestry.com Employee Benefits Plan Participants
Effective 3/1/2021

This document provides notice of the potential expiration of the deadline relief that began on March 1, 2020 and an explanation of how that expiration will affect certain deadlines tolled under prior guidance applicable to ERISA plans. Specifically deadlines cannot be tolled for longer than one-year, **so depending on the date an individual action would have been required, some deadline extensions will be expiring on February 28, 2021. Whether deadlines are tolled or resume will depend on the specific date you were required to take action or provide notice to the plan.** This is a Summary of Material Modifications (“Summary”) to the extent those extensions applied to ERISA benefits under the Ancestry.com Employee Benefits Plan (“the Plan”). You should take the time to read this Summary. If you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan, please contact Ancestry.com during normal business hours at 1300 W. Traverse Parkway, Lehi, UT 84043, telephone number (801) 705-7000 or visit our website at www.ancestrybenefits.com.

End of Relief Period Extending Certain Deadlines in Response to the COVID-19 Crisis will Depend on the Date an Individual Action Would Have Been Required with some Deadlines resuming Feb. 28, 2021

On April 28, 2020 Multi-Agency guidance extended certain deadlines that apply to group health plans that fall within the COVID-19 outbreak period beginning **March 1, 2020**. Those deadlines included and were limited to the following:

- The 30-day period to request special enrollment under HIPAA (or 60-day period as applicable to CHIP enrollment requests);
 - employees, spouses, and new dependents are allowed to enroll upon marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption;
 - employees and dependents are allowed to enroll if they had declined coverage due to other health coverage and then lose eligibility or lose all employer contributions towards active coverage;
 - employees and their dependents are allowed to enroll upon loss of coverage under a state Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) or Medicaid or who are eligible to receive premium assistance under those programs;
- The 60-day election period for COBRA continuation coverage;
- The deadline for making COBRA premium payments;
- The 60-day deadline for individuals to notify a plan of a COBRA qualifying event or determination of disability;
- The deadline for individuals to file an ERISA benefit claim under the plan's claims procedure (including a H-FSA run out period deadline that ends during the outbreak period); or
- The deadline for claimants to file an appeal of an adverse benefit determination, a request for an external review, and to file information related to a request for external review for an ERISA plan.

The period that these deadlines can be tolled is limited to one year. On Feb. 28, 2021, one year from March 1, 2020, some of the above timelines will no longer be tolled.

Individual timeframes listed above that are subject to deadline relief will have the applicable deadlines disregarded only until the earlier of: (a) 1 year from the date they were first eligible for relief, or (b) 60 days after the announced end of the National Emergency (the end of the Outbreak Period). On those individualized applicable dates, the timeframes for employees/participants with periods that were previously tolled will resume.

Examples and Explanations:

If a qualified beneficiary would have been required to make a COBRA election by March 1, 2020, the individual can wait until February 28, 2021, which is the earlier of 1 year from March 1, 2020 or the end of the Outbreak Period. Because the individual had 60 days to elect before the start of the Outbreak he or she would need to make an election by February 28, 2021.

If a qualified beneficiary would have been required to make a COBRA election by March 1, 2021, the Notice delays that election requirement until the earlier of 1 year from that date (March 1, 2022) or the end of the Outbreak Period, with the possibility of an additional 60-day extension.

If an individual experienced the birth of a child in February 2021 and the National Emergency was declared over July 1, 2021 (**hypothetically**), the employee would have 60 days from the end of the National Emergency plus 30 days under HIPAA to give notice of the birth to request enrollment from the plan, September 29, 2021.

Again, if you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan or your specific circumstances, please contact Ancestry.com during normal business hours at 1300 W. Traverse Parkway, Lehi, UT 84043, telephone number (801) 705-7000 or visit our website at www.ancestrybenefits.com.